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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Designated Partners of HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of HCG Oncology LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP) ("the LLP"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the statement of profit and loss, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (collectively referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the LLP as at 31 March 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") and in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") issued by ICAI. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Responsibilities of Designated Partners for the Financial Statements

The Designated Partners of LLP are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the LLP in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing, Nesco IT Park 4, Nesco Center, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai - 400063

In preparing the financial statements, the designated partners are responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless those charged with governance either intends to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the LLP's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing opinion on the effectiveness of the LLP's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Designated Partners.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Designated Partners use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the LLP to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Designated Partners regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Designated Partners with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022)

Place: Bengaluru Date: 08 August 2024 Sd/-Vikash Gupta Partner Membership No. 064597 UDIN: 24064597BKDHQP1058

HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

			Amount in Rs.
Particulars	Note No.	As at	As at
PARTNERS' FUNDS AND LIABILITIES		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
PARTNERS' FUNDS AND LIABILITIES Partners' funds			
Partners' capital account	3	1,427,986,153	1,427,986,153
Reserves and surplus	4	(1,338,065,513)	(1,252,866,720)
Reserves and surprus	4	<u> </u>	175,119,433
Non-current liabilities		07,720,040	175,117,455
Other non current liabilities	5	326,705,407	268,820,843
Long-term provisions	6	1,713,320	1,355,305
	Ŭ	328,418,727	270,176,148
Current liabilities		020,110,121	210,110,110
Short-term borrowings	7	115,000,000	-
Trade payables	8	83,091,354	228,194,346
Other current liabilities	9	35,501,564	34,108,066
Short-term provisions	10	1,679,965	1,538,840
1		235,272,883	263,841,252
Total		653,612,250	709,136,833
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets			
-Property, plant and equipment	11	336,807,195	350,593,086
-Capital work in progress	11	-	5,798,697
Long-term loans and advances	12	26,728,773	27,532,990
Other non-current assets	13	93,141,275	98,330,043
		456,677,243	482,254,816
Current assets			
Inventories	14	18,980,911	11,815,664
Trade receivables	15	111,157,888	90,525,849
Cash and bank balances	16	44,429,911	108,015,294
Short-term loans and advances	17	22,366,297	16,525,210
		196,935,007	226,882,017
Total		653,612,250	709,136,833
Significant accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Sta	atements		
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As per our reports of even date attached for **B S R & Co. LLP** *Chartered Accountants*

for and on behalf of HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP)

Firm's registration number: 101248W/W -100022

LLPIN : AAB-5593

Vikash Gupta Partner Membership number: 064597

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024 Sd/-Srinivasa V Raghavan Designated Partner on behalf of HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited DPIN : 01803376

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024

Sd/-

Dr. Ramesh B.S. Designated Partner on behalf of Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited DPIN : 00518434

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024 HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP) Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

			Amount in Rs.
Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	18	760,773,725	625,749,658
Other income	19	3,162,959	4,258,529
Total income		763,936,684	630,008,187
Expenses			
Purchases of medical and non-medical items	20	176,591,902	145,487,337
Changes in inventories	21	(7,165,247)	(4,144,261)
Employee benefits expense	22	94,953,367	85,910,439
Finance costs	23	4,465,947	2,221,788
Depreciation and amortisation expense	24	40,762,224	39,819,858
Other expenses	25	539,527,284	466,100,503
Total expenses		849,135,477	735,395,664
Loss before tax		(85,198,793)	(105,387,477)
Tax expense		-	-
Loss after tax		(85,198,793)	(105,387,477)
Significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our reports of even date attached for **B S R & Co. LLP** *Chartered Accountants*

Firm's registration number: 101248W/W -100022

Vikash Gupta Partner Membership number: 064597

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024 *for* and on behalf of HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP)

LLPIN : AAB-5593

Sd/- **Srinivasa V Raghavan** Designated Partner on behalf of HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited DPIN : 01803376

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024 Sd/-

Dr. Ramesh B.S. Designated Partner on behalf of Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited DPIN : 00518434

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024

HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2024

Particulars	Note	For the year ended	Amount in Rs For the year ende
	No.	31 March 2024	31 March 202
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before tax		(85,198,793)	(105,387,477
Adjustments for:		(00,00,00,00)	(,,
Finance costs		4,465,947	2,221,788
Rent equalisation		57,884,564	33,282,877
Interest income		(2,916,070)	(4,258,529
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translation		(231,698)	-
Payables no longer required written back		(15,191)	
Provision for doubtful debts		11,318,781	(3,643,674
Depreciation and amortisation expense		40,762,224	-
Operating loss before working capital changes		26,069,764	(77,785,015
Changes in working capital:		- , , -	())
Inventories		(7,165,247)	(4,144,261
Trade receivables		(31,719,122)	(37,940,067
Loans and advances		(5,464,648)	(8,123,553
Other assets		(85,000)	(16,548,797
Trade payables		(145,087,801)	134,412,660
Other current liabilities		(583,214)	20,841,178
Provision		499,140	253,095
Cash generated from operations		(163,536,128)	10,965,240
Income tax (paid) / refund (net)		(7,773,829)	9,913,801
Net cash generated/ (used in) from operating activities (A)		(171,309,957)	20,879,041
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets, including capital advances		(12,187,381)	17,379,402
Interest received		3,316,037	1,847,528
Proceeds from maturity of term deposits		995,747	59,557,554
Investment in term deposits		-	(1,290,000
Proceeds from Margin money deposits		4,085,153	719,987
Net cash generated/ (used in) investing activities (B)		(3,790,444)	78,214,471
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		115,000,000	-
Finance cost		(2,489,235)	(2,221,788
Net cash generated/ (used in) financing activities (C)		112,510,765	(2,221,788
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(62,589,636)	96,871,724
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		107,019,547	10,147,823
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	16	44,429,911	107,019,547
For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalent comprises the followings:		As at	As a
		31 March 2024	31 March 202
(a) Cash on hand		404,694	464,711
(b) Cheques, drafts on hand		-	100,000
(c) Balance with banks in:			
- in current accounts		44,025,217	41,075,855
- in deposit accounts		-	65,378,981
		44,429,911	107,019,547

Significant accounting policies The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our reports of even date attached for BSR & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 101248W/W -100022

Vikash Gupta Partner Membership number: 064597

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024 for and on behalf of HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP) LLPIN : AAB-5593

Sd/-	Sd/-
Srinivasa V Raghavan	Dr. Ramesh B.S.
Designated Partner on beha	alf Designated Partner on behalf of
of HealthCare Global	Niruja Product Development and
Enterprises Limited	Healthcare Research Private
DPIN: 01803376	Limited
	DPIN: 00518434
Place : Bengaluru	Place : Bengaluru

Date : 08 August 2024

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Date : 08 August 2024

1 Corporate information

The HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP) ("the Firm" or "LLP") is a Limited Liability Partnership registered under Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 and incorporated on 31 May 2013. HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited (HCG) and Niruja Product Development and HealthCare Research Private Limited (Niruja) are partners in the Firm and profit sharing ratio is 99.996 : 0.004 between HCG and Niruja respectively as at 31 March 2024.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of accounting and preparation of Financial Statements and going concern basis

The Financial Statements of the LLP have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) and relevant provisions of Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. Indian GAAP comprise the Accounting Standards and the Technical Guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention.

2.2 Going concern basis

The Firm has incurred losses in the current year and in the previous year and have negative operating cash flows in the current year. However, the management expects profits and positive operating cash flows in future periods. Considering this and the support letter received from the Holding Company (HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited), the Management has prepared the Financial Statements on a going concern basis.

2.3 Use of estimates

The preparation of the Financial Statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

2.4 Current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Firm's normal operating cycle;
- b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or

d) It is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

a) It is expected to be settled in the Firm's normal operating cycle;

b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;

c) It is expected to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or

d) The Firm does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect the classification.

Current liabilities include the current portion of the non-current financial liabilities. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Firm and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Firm has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

2.5 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses. Cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location, after adjusting for GST wherever applicable applying weighted average method.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent includes cash in hand, in banks, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, are considered part of the cash management system.

2.7 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Firm are segregated based on the available information.

2.8 Revenue recognition

Medical services

Revenue primarily comprises fees charged for inpatient and outpatient hospital services. Services include charges for accommodation, medical professional services, equipment, radiology, laboratory and pharmaceutical goods used in treatments given to patients. Revenue is recorded net of discount given to patients recognised during the period in which the hospital service is provided, based upon the estimated amounts due from patients and/or medical funding entities. Unbilled revenue is recorded for the service where the patients are not discharged and invoice is not raised for the service.

Sale of medical and non-medical items

Pharmacy sales are recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership is transferred to the customer and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods and regarding its collection. Revenue is measured excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Other operating income

Revenue is recognised as and when services are rendered and right to receive the consideration is established.

2.9 Other income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

2.10 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies, freight, any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and estimated cost of dismantling and restoring onsite; any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent expenses related to an item of tangible fixed asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. Cost includes expenses directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

The Firm depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life on a straight-line basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. The estimated useful lives of assets as follows:

Asset category	Useful life as per the
	management
Plant and equipment	10, 13 and 15 years
Office Equipments	05 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Data Processing Equipments	3-6 years
Electrical Installation	10 years

HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP)

Useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets. Estimates in respect of certain items of plant and equipment were revised in the year ended 31 March 2023. Refer note 11.

2.10 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the balance sheet upon sale or disposition of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Amounts paid towards the acquisition of tangible assets outstanding as of each reporting date are recognized as capital advance and the cost of tangible assets not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work- in-progress.

Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the lower of estimated useful life and lease term.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful life on straight line method as follows:

Asset category	Useful life as per the
	management
Computer software	3 years

2.11 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the firm at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or an average rate approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated. Income and expense items in foreign currency are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used.

2.12 Employee benefits

Defined contribution plan

Contributions to the recognized provident fund which are defined contribution schemes, are charged to the statement of profit and loss.

Defined benefit plans

The firm's gratuity plan is a defined benefit plan. The present value of gratuity obligation under such defined benefit plans is determined based on actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measure each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The obligation is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date, having maturity periods approximating to the terms of related obligations. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss and on the curtailment or settlement of any defined benefit plan are recognised when the curtailment or settlement occurs.

Compensated absences

The employees can carry-forward a portion of the unutilized accrued compensated absences and utilize it in future service periods or receive cash compensation on termination of employment. Since the employee has unconditional right to avail the leave, the benefit is classified as a short term employee benefit. The Firm records an obligation for such compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increase this entitlement. The obligation is measured on the basis of independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Share-based payment transactions

HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP)

Certain employees of the LLP have received stock options (Employee Stock Option Plan ESOP) of the holding company HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited. Accordingly, the Company is subject to cross charge of ESOP costs from HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited. The compensation cost relating to share-based payments are measured using the fair valuation method. Compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the option.

2.13 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the statement of profit and loss over the tenure of the loan. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset up to the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the statement of profit and loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

2.14 Taxes on income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Firm will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the balance sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Firm.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for timing differences of items other than unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward losses only to the extent that reasonable certainty exists that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realised. However, if there are unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses and items relating to capital losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise the assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Firm has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for their realisability.

2.15 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when the Firm has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent assets are not recognised in the Financial Statements.

Onerous contracts

A contract is considered to be onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the firm from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before such a provision is made, the firm recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

2.16 Government grants

Government grants available to the Firm are recognised

(i) where there is reasonable assurance that the Firm will comply with the conditions attached to them; and

(ii) where such benefits have been earned by the Firm and it is reasonably certain that the ultimate collection will be made.

Government grants related to the acquisition of fixed assets are shown as a deduction from the gross value of the respective fixed assets.

2.17 Leases

A finance lease (also known as a capital lease or a sales lease) is a type of lease in which a finance company is typically the legal owner of the asset for the duration of the lease, while the lessee not only has operating control over the asset, but also has a substantial share of the economic risks and returns from the change in the valuation of the underlying asset.

If "substantially all the risks and rewards" of ownership are transferred to the lessee then it is a finance lease. If it is not a finance lease then it is an operating lease.

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.18 Impairment

The Firm assesses at each date of balance sheet, whether there is any indication that an asset or a group of assets comprising a cash generating unit may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Firm estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. For an asset or group of assets that does not generate largely independent cash in-flows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. If at the reporting date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reduced only to the extent that the carrying amount of asset does not exceed the net book value that would have been determined; if no impairment loss had been recognised.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its net selling price. In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss. However, an impairment loss on a revalued asset is recognised directly against any revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount held in the revaluation surplus for that same asset.

3 Partners' Capital Account

Particu			
	lars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Capital	l account_		
Fixed c	capital contribution		
	Care Global Enterprises Limited:		
	f profit/(loss) (%)	99.996%	99.996%
	ance at the beginning of the year	1,427,924,278	1,427,924,27
Bala	ance at the end of the year	1,427,924,278	1,427,924,27
Niruia I	Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited:		
	of profit/(loss) (%)	0.004%	0.004%
	ince at the end of the year	61,875	61,87
	=	1,427,986,153	1,427,986,153
Reserve	es and surplus		
Particu	lars	As at 31 March 2024	As a 31 March 202
Undist	ributed deficit (balance in statement of profit and loss)	51 March 2024	51 March 202.
	commencement of the year	(1,252,866,720)	(1,147,479,243
	oss for the year	(85,198,793)	(105,387,477
Loss av	vailable for appropriation	(1,338,065,513)	(1,252,866,720
Share o	f loss appropriated to HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	(1,338,011,990)	(1,252,812,433
Share o	f loss appropriated to Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited	(53,523)	(54,287
At the o	end of the year	(1,338,065,513)	(1,252,866,720
	non current liabilities		
Particu	ılars	As at 31 March 2024	As a 31 March 202.
Dont og	qualisation reserve (refer note 32)	326,705,407	268,820,843
Kent eq	uansation reserve (refer hole 52)	326,705,407	268,820,843
	=		
	erm provisions		
Particu	dars	As at 31 March 2024	As a 31 March 202.
Gratuity	y (refer note 29)	1,713,320	1,355,305
oratany		1,713,320	1,355,305
Short-t	term borrowings		
Particu	ilars	As at	As a
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecu	red:	31 March 2024	31 March 202.
	rred: from related party* (refer note 31)	31 March 2024 115,000,000	31 March 202.
Loans f	from related party* (refer note 31)	115,000,000 115,000,000	-
Loans f		115,000,000 115,000,000	-
Loans f *Repaya Trade j	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme	- - nt.
Loans f *Repay	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables	115,000,000 115,000,000 n till the date of repayme As at	nt.
Loans f *Repay: Trade J Particu	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables plars	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024	
Loans f *Repaya Trade p Particu Total ou	from related party* (refer note 31)	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024 1,053,264	- nt. 31 March 202 1,431,413
Loans f *Repays Trade J Particu Total ou Total ou	from related party* (refer note 31)	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024	
Loans f *Repays Trade J Particu Total ou Total ou	from related party* (refer note 31)	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090	
Loans f *Repay: Trade j Particu Total ou * For de Other c	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises*etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354	- nt. 31 March 202 1,431,413 226,762,933 228,194,346
Loans f *Repaye Trade p Particu Total ou Total ou * For do	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises*etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at	- nt. 31 March 202 1,431,413 226,762,933 228,194,346 As a
Loans f *Repaya Trade p Particu Total ou Total ou * For de Other c Particu	from related party* (refer note 31) rable in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables tlars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities tlars	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at 31 March 2024	-
Loans f *Repayer Trade p Particu Total ou * For do Other c Particu Advance	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises*etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at 31 March 2024 18,367,343	-
Loans f *Repayer Trade j Particu Total ou * For de Other c Particu Advance	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables lars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities lars reform customers ayable	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492	-
Loans f *Repay: Trade p Particu Total ou Total ou * For de Other c Particu Advance TDS pa Employ	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises*etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at 31 March 2024 18,367,343	-
Loans f *Repay: Trade p Particu Total ou * For de Other c Particu Advanc TDS pa Employ Accruce	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities ulars ete from customers uyable yee related statutory payables	115,000,000 115,000,000 a till the date of repayme As at 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492 1,054,955	-
Loans f *Repay: Trade p Particu Total ou Total ou * For de Other c Particu Advance TDS pa Employ Accruce	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities lars ce from customers ayable yee related statutory payables d salaries and benefits	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492 1,054,955 10,960,061	
Loans f *Repay: Trade p Particu Total ou * For do Other c Particu Advance TDS pa Employ Accruee Interest	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities lars ce from customers ayable yee related statutory payables d salaries and benefits	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 As at 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492 1,054,955 10,960,061 1,976,712	
Loans f *Repay: Trade p Particu Total ou * For do Other co Particu Advance TDS pa Employ Accruee Interest	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities ulars ete from customers uyable yee related statutory payables d salaries and benefits accrued but not due on borrowings term provisions	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492 1,054,955 10,960,061 1,976,712 35,501,564 As at	
Loans f *Repay: Trade p Particu Total ou Total ou * For de Other c Particu Advance TDS pa Employ Accrued Interest Short-t Particu	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities ulars ete from customers ayable yee related statutory payables d salaries and benefits accrued but not due on borrowings	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492 1,054,955 10,960,061 1,976,712 35,501,564 As at 31 March 2024	
Loans f *Repay: Trade p Particu Total ou * For do Other c Particu Advance TDS pa Employ Accruce Interest Short-t Particu	from related party* (refer note 31)	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492 1,054,955 10,960,061 1,976,712 35,501,564 As at 31 March 2024 As at 31 March 2024 373,927	
Loans f *Repay: Trade [Particu Total ou * For do Other c Particu Advanc TDS pa Employ Accruce Interest Short-t Particu	from related party* (refer note 31) able in full no later than 28 February 2025 at the interrest of 10% per annum from the date of loan payables ulars utstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 26) utstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises* etails relating to payable to related parties, refer note 31. current liabilities ulars ete from customers ayable yee related statutory payables d salaries and benefits accrued but not due on borrowings	115,000,000 115,000,000 1 till the date of repayme 31 March 2024 1,053,264 82,038,090 83,091,354 31 March 2024 18,367,343 3,142,492 1,054,955 10,960,061 1,976,712 35,501,564 As at 31 March 2024	

Amount in Rs.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 51 March 2024 (continued)		Amount in Rs.
12 Long-term loans and advances		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Capital advances	-	8,990,255
Prepaid expenses	148,561	525,000
Tax deducted at source, net of provision for tax	26,580,212	18,017,735
	26,728,773	27,532,990
13 Other non-current assets		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest accrued on deposits	-	1,188,615
Security deposits	93,141,275	93,056,275
Bank balance in margin money	-	4,085,153
	93,141,275	98,330,043
14 Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Medical and non-medical items**	18,980,911	11,815,664
	18,980,911	11,815,664

**There are nil provision towards written down to net realisable value.

15 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Trade receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they were due for payment:		
- Unsecured, considered good	5,168,898	20,114,596
- Doubtful	36,001,254	27,363,629
	41,170,152	47,478,225
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables	(36,001,254)	(27,363,629)
	5,168,898	20,114,596
Other trade receivables:		
- Unsecured, Considered good	94,191,374	54,492,222
- Considered doubtful	8,369,735	6,066,202
	102,561,109	60,558,424
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables	(8,369,735)	(6,066,202)
	94,191,374	54,492,222
Unbilled receivables:		
- Unsecured, Considered good	11,797,616	15,919,031
- Considered doubtful	1,522,500	938,202
	13,320,116	16,857,233
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables	(1,522,500)	(938,202)
	11,797,616	15,919,031
	111,157,888	90,525,849

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
a) Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	404,694	464,711
Cheques on hand	-	100,000
Balances with banks:		
- in current accounts	44,025,217	41,075,855
- in deposit accounts with original maturity less than 3 months	-	65,378,981
_	44,429,911	107,019,547
b) Other bank balances		
- Deposits with banks with balance maturity of less than 12 months	-	995,747
	-	995,747
=	44,429,911	108,015,294
For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalent comprise the following:		
(a) Cash on hand	404,694	464,711
(b) Cheques, drafts on hand	-	100,000
(c) Balances with banks:		100,000

Cash and cash equivalents as per statement of cash flows	44,429,911	107,019,547
- in deposit accounts with original maturity less than 3 months		65,378,981
- in current accounts	44,025,217	41,075,855
(c) Balances with banks:		
(b) Cheques, drafts on hand	-	100,000

Short-term loans and advance		
Particulars	As at	As a
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecured, considered good		
- Loans and advances to employees	521,844	828,745
- Prepaid expenses	896,878	1,190,467
Advance to vendors	5,308,184	6,861,246
Receivable from related parties**	15,368,233	3,698,389
Balance with revenue authorities	271,158	3,946,363
	22,366,297	16,525,210

** For details relating to receivable from related parties, please refer note 31.

11 Property, plant and equipment and Capital-work-in-progress

						A	mount in Rs.		Amount in Rs.
Description of assets	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipment*	Office equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Data processing equipment	Electrical installation	Total	Capital work in progress (B)	Total (A+B)
I. Cost									
Balance as at 1 April 2022	51,515,766	505,234,044	7,105,587	19,122,209	5,815,029	343,536	589,136,171	442,175	589,578,346
Additions	-	6,922,777	91,800	131,098	1,441,883	43,440	8,630,998	5,356,522	13,987,520
Balance as at 31 March 2023	51,515,766	512,156,821	7,197,387	19,253,307	7,256,912	386,976	597,767,169	5,798,697	603,565,866
Additions/capitalised	3,726,003	13,888,517	716,623	1,820,616	258,255	6,566,318	26,976,333	-5,798,697	21,177,636
Balance as at 31 March 2024	55,241,769	526,045,338	7,914,010	21,073,923	7,515,167	6,953,294	624,743,502	-	624,743,502
II. Accumulated depreciation									
Balance as at 1 April 2022	12,649,331	174,894,947	5,820,190	8,816,423	5,034,662	138,672	207,354,225	-	207,354,225
Depreciation expense	2,888,317	33,646,659	714,689	1,890,551	602,666	76,976	39,819,858		39,819,858
Balance as at 31 March 2023	15,537,648	208,541,606	6,534,879	10,706,974	5,637,328	215,648	247,174,083	-	247,174,083
Depreciation expense	2,886,785	34,406,787	260,505	2,135,904	708,921	363,322	40,762,224	-	40,762,224
Balance as at 31 March 2024	18,424,433	242,948,393	6,795,384	12,842,878	6,346,249	578,970	287,936,307	-	287,936,307
Net block as at 31 March 2023	35,978,118	303,615,215	662,508	8,546,333	1,619,584	171,328	350,593,086	5,798,697	356,391,783
Net block as at 31 March 2024	36,817,337	283,096,945	1,118,626	8,231,046	1,168,917	6,374,324	336,807,195	-	336,807,195

* During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Firm revised the estimated useful life for certain category of its Plant and equipment with effect from 1 April 2022 based on its technical evaluation. The effect of these changes on actual and expected depreciation expense is as follows:

Particulars	YE 31 March 2023		YE 31 March 2025		YE 31 March 2027	YE 31 March 2028 and later
(Decrease) / increase in depreciation	(3,683,394)	(3,683,394)	(3,683,394)	(3,683,394)	(3,683,394)	18,416,972
expense	(0,000,000)	(0,000,000)	(5,005,551)	(5,000,05,05) ()	(0,000,000)	

18 Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Medical service income	743,869,340	614,208,229
Sale of medical and non-medical items	14,377,215	9,279,316
Other operating income	2,527,170	2,262,113
Total	760,773,725	625,749,658

19 Other income

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Interest income from bank deposit	2,127,422	2,917,127	
Interest on income tax refund	788,648	1,341,402	
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translation	231,698	-	
Payables no longer required written back	15,191	-	
	3,162,959	4,258,529	

20 Purchase of medical and non medical items

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Medical and non-medical items *	122,475,833	130,751,032
Consumables	54,116,069	14,736,305
	176,591,902	145,487,337

* includes purchases from related parties (refer note 31)

21 Changes in inventories

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventories at the beginning of the year	11,815,664	7,671,403
Inventories at the end of the year	18,980,911	11,815,664
Net (increase) / decrease	(7,165,247)	(4,144,261)

22 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries and wages	84,460,585	78,323,131
Contributions to provident and other funds (refer note 29)	4,258,412	3,229,320
Gratuity Expenses (refer note 29)	875,378	551,158
Staff welfare expenses	5,358,992	3,806,830
	94,953,367	85,910,439

23 Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest on loan from holding company	1,976,712	-
Bank charges	2,489,235	2,169,792
Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translations to the extent regarded as borrowing costs	-	51,996
	4,465,947	2,221,788

24 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	40,762,224	39,819,858
	40,762,224	39,819,858

25 Other expenses *

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Medical consultancy charges	158,000,178	111,057,333	
Legal and professional charges	5,783,975	25,328,523	
Lab charges	41,697,469	29,678,954	
Power, fuel and water	18,161,342	18,623,060	
Rent	205,545,765	169,822,233	
Repairs and maintenance:			
- Building	756,342	-	
- Machinery	21,996,086	17,329,359	
- Others	11,850,807	14,838,498	
Insurance	661,762	-	
Rates and taxes	7,157,878	9,163,773	
Communication	1,853,953	1,219,840	
Travelling and conveyance	5,777,428	7,267,876	
Printing and stationery	2,155,787	99,117	
House keeping and security expenses	30,276,329	28,176,167	
Business promotion expenses	12,551,157	27,953,185	
Provision for doubtful debts	11,318,781	-3,643,674	
Payments to auditors			
- As statutory auditors (refer note (i) below)	1,001,311	942,715	
Miscellaneous expenses	2,980,935	8,243,544	
-	539,527,284	466,100,503	

* Refer note 31 for related party transactions

(i) Payment to auditors (excluding applicable taxes)	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
- Statutory audit fees	872,879	800,000
- Out of pocket expenses	128,432	142,715
	1,001,311	942,715

Amount in Rs.

26 Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 has been made in the Financial Statements based on information received and available with the firm. Further in view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('The MSMED Act') is not expected to be material. The firm has not received any claim for interest from any supplier.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year	1,053,264	1,431,413
Principal	1,053,264	1,431,413
Interest	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act	-	-
The amount of payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act;	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act	-	-

27 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Canital	commitments
Cupnui	communicities

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	6,044,997	3,411,985

Contingent liabilities

The Firm has availed benefit of custom duties on import of capital goods through Export Promotion and Capital Goods (EPCG) licenses against export obligations to be fulfilled within stipulated time period as per Foreign Trade Policy. During the previous year, the Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT) issued a notice on 20 January 2023 providing certain relaxations. In addition to the above, the Firm has received extension of the time period by 2 years to meet its export obligations for certain licenses. Should the Firm not be able to fulfill its export obligations within the stipulated time period, it will be liable to pay the duty benefit availed, up to an amount of Rs. 33,912,121 (estimated as of 31 March 2023: Rs. 39,576,934) along with other levies, if applicable, which may be levied on evaluation of facts and circumstances by the respective authorities.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court has, in a decision dated 28 February 2019, ruled that special allowance would form part of wages for computing the Provident Fund (PF) contribution. The Firm keeps a close watch on further clarifications and directions from the respective department based on which suitable action would be initiated. Also, the firm believes that impact is not material to the financial statement.

Other litigations

The Firm is involved in disputes, lawsuits, claims, governmental and/or regulatory inspections, inquiries, including tax and commercial matters that arise from time to time in ordinary course of business. The Firm believes that there are no such pending matters that are expected to have any material adverse effect on its Financial Statements.

28 Deferred taxation

The Firm has a deferred tax asset (net) position as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023. Recognition of deferred tax asset is restricted to the extent of deferred tax liability only. No deferred tax asset (net) is recognized on losses and unabsorbed depreciation as there is no virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised by the Firm.

29 Employee benefit plans

Defined contribution plans

The Firm makes Provident Fund contributions to defined contribution plan for qualifying employees. Under the Scheme, the Firm is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits.

Amount in Rs.

The firm has recognized the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss towards its contributions to Provident Fund.		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contribution to provident fund included under contribution to provident and other funds	4,258,412	3,229,320

Defined benefit plans

The Firm offers the Gratuity benefits (included as part of 'Contributions to provident and other funds' in Note 22 Employee benefits expense) to its employees. The following table sets out the status of the Gratuity and the amount recognised in the Financial Statements:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Components of employer expense		
Current service cost	544,064	466,476
Interest cost	150,081	95,876
Actuarial loss/ (gains)	181,233	(11,194)
Total expense/(credit) recognised in the statement of profit and loss	875,378	551,158
Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet		
Present value of defined benefit obligation (DBO)	2,087,247	1,607,431
Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet	(2,087,247)	(1,607,431)
Current (refer note 10)	373,927	252,126
Non-current (refer note 6)	1,713,320	1,355,305
Total asset / (liability) recognised in the balance sheet	2,087,247	1,607,431
Change in defined benefit obligations		
Present value of DBO at beginning of period	1,607,431	1,166,302
Current service cost	544,064	466,476
Interest cost	150,081	95,876
Actuarial loss/ (gains)	181,233	(11,194)
Benefits paid	(395,562)	(110,029)
Present Value of DBO at the end of year	2,087,247	1,607,431
Actuarial assumption		
Discount rate	6.90%	7.30%
Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
Salary escalation	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition rate	30.00%	30.00%

Actuarial valuation experience adjustment

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Defined benefit obligation	(2,087,247)	(1,607,431)
Plan assets	-	-
(Deficit)	(2,087,247)	(1,607,431)
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities	-	-
Experience adjustment on plan assets	-	-

Note:

The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Government of India securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations. The estimate of future salary increases considered, takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion, increments and other relevant factors.

Compensated absence: Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss in respect of compensated absences amounts to Rs 271,092 (previous year: Rs. 510,051). This employee benefit is not funded. Actuarial assumptions considered for valuation of compensated absence and gratuity are the same.

30 Segment information

The Firm's operations comprises of only one segment viz., setting up and managing cancer hospitals, cancer centers and medical diagnostic services. The Firm's operations are in India and therefore there are no secondary geographical segments.

31 Related party transactions

a. Details of related parties:	
Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Ultimate holding company	CVC Capital Partners Asia V L.P.
Intermediate holding companies	Aceso Company Pte Ltd
	Aceso Investment Holding Pte. Ltd.
Holding company / Partner	HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited
Designated Partner	Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited
	Srinivasa V Raghavan (On behalf of HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited)
	Dr. Ramesh B.S. (On behalf of Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private
	Limited)
Entity over which Partner can exercise significant	HCG NCHRI Oncology LLP
influence/control	HCG Manavata Oncology LLP

b. Details of related party transactions during the year:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Reimbursement of capital expenditure/ revenue expenditure incurred on behalf of the Firm by		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	39,347,189	12,253,648
Reimbursement of capital expenditure/ revenue expenditure cross charged by the Firm		
HCG NCHRI Oncology LLP	7,017,663	3,698,389
HCG EKO Oncology LLP	375,339	-
Reimbursement of expense on employee stock option scheme cross charged by		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	1,635,810	2,504,258
Expenses incurred by the firm on behalf of the Company:		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	172,448,143	-
Loans received from		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	115,000,000	-
Interest on loans		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	1,976,712	-
Payment to vendor on behalf of the Firm by		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	78,246,416	46,021,081
Payment on behalf of:		
HCG Manavata Oncology LLP	156,780	-
Lab charges		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	33,843,442	27,146,378

c.Details of related party balances outstanding:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Partner's capital account		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	1,427,924,278	1,427,924,278
Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited	61,875	61,875
Other receivables		
HCG NCHRI Oncology LLP	6,203,729	3,698,389
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	9,164,504	-
HCG Manavata Oncology LLP	24,220	-
Trade payables		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	-	104,081,217
HCG EKO LLP	1,113,892	-
Loans		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	115,000,000	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	1,976,712	
Share of losses appropriated to		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	(1,338,011,990)	(1,252,812,433)
Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited	(53,523)	(54,287)

Amount in Rs.

32 Details of leasing arrangements

The Firm has entered into operating lease arrangements for hospital building. The lease is non-cancellable for a period of 20 years. The lease agreements provide for an increase in the lease payments by 15% over the periods specified. During the year ended 31 March 2023, the lease terms have been revised, the effect of which has been given in these financial statements accordingly.

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Future minimum lease payments:		
Up to One year	128,438,862	113,082,041
More than one year and up to five years	597,160,433	555,738,900
More than five years	1,809,424,762	1,979,285,156
The Firm's significant lessing amongoments are mainly in respect of its anyinments. The approache less	a nontala narrahla an tha nan a	maallahla amangamanta

The Firm's significant leasing arrangements are mainly in respect of its equipments. The aggregate lease rentals payable on the non-cancellable arrangements charged to the statement of profit and loss amounting to Rs. 205,545,765 (previous year: Rs.169,822,233). Also, refer note 25.

As per our reports of even date attached for B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 101248W/W -100022

for and on behalf of

HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP (formerly known as Apex HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP)

LLPIN : AAB-5593

Vikash Gupta Partner Membership number: 064597

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024 Sd/-Srinivasa V Raghavan Designated Partner on behalf of HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited DPIN : 01803376

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024 Sd/-**Dr. Ramesh B.S.** Designated Partner on behalf of Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited

Place : Bengaluru Date : 08 August 2024

DPIN: 00518434